# Letter E: look, trace and try

Start with a finger, then a pencil if wanted. These models are for recognition and tracing; follow your school's formation guidance.

Look at both forms.

E e

Trace the light letters.

E e E e E e

Trace the light letters.

E e E e E e

Try your own, or ask an adult to model.

Try your own, or ask an adult to model.

# Letter E: a looking game

The small numbers help the grown-up check answers. They are not the letters you are looking for.

## Find every E and e. Point, circle or colour your choices.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 N | 2 u | 3 B | 4 e | 5 E | 6 x |
| 7 F | 8 m | 9 e | 10 a | 11 I | 12 p |
| 13 W | 14 E | 15 L | 16 s | 17 Z | 18 e |
| 19 O | 20 v | 21 C | 22 k | 23 E | 24 y |

Keep the model nearby if helpful. Cover part of the grid to make a smaller hunt. A grown-up can check the numbered cells on page 3.

# Letter E: grown-up guide and game

Choose a small shared activity. No perfect handwriting, completed worksheet or independent reading is expected.

## Make and play

Build E with four paper strips, then remove its bottom strip and notice the new letter. Put it back before drawing an e nearby. An adult can write a large model rather than asking for precise small movements.

## Notice a difference

Compare E and F by looking at their lowest bars. For e and c, look for the extra line in e. Only introduce one comparison at a time so the distinguishing feature stays easy to notice.

## Example words

egg, elephant, elbow. Find e at the beginning of these written words. These are letter examples; follow school guidance when teaching sounds.

## Letter-hunt answers

4 (e), 5 (E), 9 (e), 14 (E), 18 (e), 23 (E). There are six matching cells: three capitals and three lowercase letters.

Let the child point, talk or direct your hand. Stop for a break whenever needed. An adult prepares paper pieces; keep scraps away from children who mouth objects.